#### §560.406

- (d) Distribution or leasing in Iran of any containers or similar goods owned or controlled by United States persons after the performance of transportation services to Iran; and
- (e) Financing of sales for the exportation or reexportation of agricultural commodities, medicine, and medical devices that is authorized by general or specific license pursuant to §560.530.

NOTE TO PARAGRAPH (e) OF §560.405: See §560.530(a)(2) through (4) for general licenses authorizing, with certain exceptions, the exportation or reexportation of agricultural commodities, medicine, medical supplies, and replacement parts for certain medical devices to the Government of Iran, individuals or entities in Iran, or persons in third countries purchasing specifically for resale to any of the foregoing. These general licenses also authorize the conduct of related transactions, including, but not limited to, financing and payment, provided that payment terms and financing are limited to, and consistent with, §560.532, which sets forth payment terms for sales authorized by one of the general licenses set forth in paragraphs (a)(2) through (4) of §560.530 or by a specific license issued pursuant to paragraph (a)(1) of the same section.

[77 FR 64666, Oct. 22, 2012, as amended at 79 FR 18993, Apr. 7, 2014]

## § 560.406 Transshipment or transit through the United States.

- (a) The prohibitions in §560.201 apply to the importation into the United States, for transshipment or transit, of Iranian-origin goods or goods owned or controlled by the Government of Iran which are intended or destined for third countries.
- (b) The prohibitions in §560.204 apply to the transshipment or transit of foreign goods through the United States which are intended or destined for Iran or the Government of Iran, including entities owned or controlled by the Government of Iran.
- (c) Goods in which the Government of Iran, any Iranian financial institution, or any other person whose property and interests in property are blocked pursuant to §560.211 has an interest which are imported into or transshipped through the United States are subject to the prohibitions in §560.211.

## § 560.407 Transactions related to Iranian-origin goods.

- (a) Importation into the United States from third countries of goods containing Iranian-origin raw materials or components and transactions relating to such goods are not prohibited by \$560.201 or \$560.206 if those raw materials or components have been incorporated into manufactured products or substantially transformed in a third country by a person other than a United States person.
- (b) Transactions relating to Iranianorigin goods that have not been incorporated into manufactured products or substantially transformed in a third country are prohibited.

# § 560.408 Importation into and release from a bonded warehouse or foreign trade zone.

The prohibitions in §560.201 apply to importation into a bonded warehouse or a foreign trade zone of the United States.

#### § 560.409 [Reserved]

#### §560.410 Provision of services.

- (a) The prohibition on the exportation, reexportation, sale or supply of services contained in §560.204 applies to services performed on behalf of a person in Iran or the Government of Iran or where the benefit of such services is otherwise received in Iran, if such services are performed:
  - (1) In the United States, or
- (2) Outside the United States by a United States person, including by an overseas branch of an entity located in the United States.
- (b) The benefit of services performed anywhere in the world on behalf of the Government of Iran is presumed to be received in Iran.
- (c) The prohibitions on transactions involving blocked property contained in §560.211 apply to services performed in the United States or by U.S. persons, wherever located, including by an overseas branch of an entity located in the United States:
- (1) On behalf of or for the benefit of the Government of Iran, an Iranian financial institution, or any other person whose property and interests in

property are blocked pursuant to §560.211; or

- (2) With respect to property interests of the Government of Iran, an Iranian financial institution, or any other person whose property and interests in property are blocked pursuant to §560.211.
- (d) Example. A United States person is engaged in a prohibited exportation of services to Iran when it extends credit to a third-country firm specifically to enable that firm to manufacture goods for sale to Iran or for an entity of the Government of Iran. See also § 560.416.

#### §560.411 [Reserved]

### § 560.412 Extensions of credit or loans to Iran.

- (a) The prohibitions contained in §§ 560.204 and 560.207 apply to but are not limited to the unauthorized renewal or rescheduling of credits or loans in existence as of May 6, 1995, such as the extension of a standby letter of credit.
- (b) The prohibitions contained in §560.209 apply, among other things, to the unauthorized renewal or rescheduling of credits or loans in existence as of March 15, 1995.
- (c) The prohibitions contained in §§ 560.204, 560.207 and 560.209 apply to, among other things, credits or loans in any currency.

#### §560.413 [Reserved]

#### § 560.414 Reexportation of certain U.S.-origin goods exported prior to May 7, 1995.

The prohibitions on reexportation in §560.205 do not apply to United Statesorigin goods or technology that were exported from the United States prior to 12:01 a.m., Eastern Daylight Time, May 7, 1995, if:

- (a) Such goods or technology were not the property of a United States person as of 12:01 a.m. Eastern Daylight Time, May 7, 1995; and
- (b) The reexportation of the U.S.-origin goods or technology to Iran or the Government of Iran was not subject to reexport (as opposed to export) license application requirements under U.S. regulations in effect prior to May 6, 1995

NOTE 1 TO \$560 414: The exclusion in this section applies, among other things, to goods that were as of May 6, 1995, classified under the U.S. Department of Commerce's Export Administration Regulations (15 CFR parts 730 through 774) as ECCNs 2A994; 3A993; 5A992; 5A995; 6A990; 6A994; 7A994; 8A992; 8A994; 9A990; 9A992; and 9A994, that were exported from the United States prior to 12:01 a.m. Eastern Daylight Time, May 7, 1995, and were not the property of a United States person as of 12:01 a.m. Eastern Daylight Time, May 7, 1995. As of April 26, 1999, items covered by this note are classified under ECCNs 2A994; 3A992.a; 5A991.f; 5A992.a and .c; 6A991; 6A998.a; 7A994; 8A992.d, .e, .f and .g; 9A990.a and .b; and 9A991.d and .e.

NOTE 2 TO §560.414: A reexportation of U.S.-origin goods or technology which meets the conditions of paragraph (a) of this section, or which is not within the scope of §560.205, nevertheless may require specific authorization by other agencies of the U.S. Government for reexportation to Iran or the Government of Iran. For example, items which meet the conditions of paragraph (a) may nevertheless require an export license under the End User and End Use Control Policies found in provisions of the Export Administration Regulations (15 CFR part 744).

#### § 560.415 [Reserved]

#### §560.416 Brokering services.

- (a) For purposes of the prohibitions in §§560.201, 560.204, 560.205, 560.206, and 560.208, the term *services* includes performing a brokering function.
- (b) Examples. A person within the United States, or a United States person, wherever located, may not:
- (1) Act as broker for the provision of goods, services or technology, from whatever source, to or from Iran or the Government of Iran;
- (2) Act as broker for the purchase or swap of crude oil of Iranian origin or owned or controlled by the Government of Iran;
- (3) Act as broker for the provision of financing, a financial guarantee or an extension of credit by any person to Iran or the Government of Iran;
- (4) Act as a broker for the provision of financing, a financial guarantee or an extension of credit to any person specifically to enable that person to construct or operate a facility in Iran or owned or controlled by the Government of Iran; or
- (5) Act as a broker for the provision of financing, a financial guarantee, or an extension of credit to any person